

COMPLETE TEST TWO

SECTION 1
LISTENING COMPREHENSIONTime—approximately 35 minutes
(including the reading of the directions for each part)

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand conversations and talks in English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part. Answer all the questions on the basis of what is **stated** or **implied** by the speakers you hear. Do **not** take notes or write in your test book at any time. Do **not** turn the pages until you are told to do so.

Part A

Directions: In Part A you will hear short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will hear a question about the conversation. The conversations and questions will not be repeated. After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Listen to an example.

Sample Answer

On the recording, you will hear:

(man) *That exam was just awful.*
 (woman) *Oh, it could have been worse.*
 (narrator) *What does the woman mean?*

- (A)
 (B)
 (C)
 (D)

In your test book, you will read: (A) The exam was really awful.
 (B) It was the worst exam she had ever seen.
 (C) It couldn't have been more difficult.
 (D) It wasn't that hard.

You learn from the conversation that the man thought the exam was very difficult and that the woman disagreed with the man. The best answer to the question, "What does the woman mean?" is (D), "It wasn't that hard." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

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1. (A) They were in the regular room.
(B) The key was misplaced.
(C) He's taking a different class.
(D) He has the key to the classroom.
2. (A) She will lend it to the man.
(B) She never lent the book to Jim.
(C) Jim wants to borrow the book.
(D) Jim has the book.
3. (A) Paying bills.
(B) Talking to the landlord.
(C) Turning the lights off.
(D) Looking for an apartment.
4. (A) She has no time to go to class.
(B) They are already late for class.
(C) It's too early to go to class.
(D) She has to be on time for class.
5. (A) He is resuming his duties one more time.
(B) He is assuming the class is difficult.
(C) The class is terrible all the time.
(D) The class takes a lot of time.
6. (A) She needs a new coat.
(B) She likes the paint in the dorm rooms.
(C) She has the same opinion as the man.
(D) She left her coat in the dorm room.
7. (A) He needs to complete the math assignment first.
(B) He'll be ready in a couple of hours.
(C) He is going to history class now.
(D) He was ready a few minutes ago.
8. (A) She's sorry she moved them.
(B) She really knows where they are.
(C) They haven't been moved.
(D) Someone else moved them.
9. (A) A solution is not apparent.
(B) The problem can be fixed.
(C) There is really a pair of problems.
(D) The problem is difficult to solve.
10. (A) The professor gives quizzes regularly.
(B) The woman is really quite prepared.
(C) It is unusual for this professor to give quizzes.
(D) He doesn't think there's a class today.
11. (A) She could not comprehend the chemistry lecture.
(B) She has not had time to look at the assignment.
(C) It was possible for her to complete the problem.
(D) She could not understand the problem.
12. (A) He doesn't know how far away the exhibit is.
(B) He's uncertain about the fee.
(C) The exhibit is not very far away.
(D) He's sure the exhibit isn't free.
13. (A) Not taking it at all.
(B) Taking it along with chemistry.
(C) Taking it later.
(D) Taking it instead of chemistry.
14. (A) An astronomer.
(B) A physician.
(C) A philosopher.
(D) An engineer.
15. (A) Nothing could surprise her.
(B) The gift really astonished her.
(C) She couldn't have gotten more gifts.
(D) She was expecting the gift.
16. (A) She's wearing a new dress.
(B) She's ready to study for hours.
(C) She's exhausted.
(D) She has studied about the war for hours.
17. (A) He's really tall.
(B) He's the best.
(C) He's got a good head on his shoulders.
(D) He always uses his head.

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18. (A) He's already talked to the professor about the assignment.
(B) There is no assignment for tomorrow.
(C) He's not sure what the professor will talk about.
(D) The professor discussed the assignment only briefly.
19. (A) He went to it.
(B) He knew about it.
(C) He didn't know about it.
(D) He gave it.
20. (A) It's hard to lock the room.
(B) The cloak was delivered on time.
(C) Someone struck the crockery and broke it.
(D) It is now midday.
21. (A) That she wouldn't take the trip.
(B) That she would go to the beach.
(C) That she really liked the beach.
(D) That she would take a break from her studies.
22. (A) They were disappointed.
(B) They didn't get any gifts.
(C) They were unexcited.
(D) They were really pleased.
23. (A) She believes she can succeed.
(B) She's decided to pull out of it.
(C) She wants to put off the speech for a while.
(D) She thinks the speech is too long.
24. (A) She'd like to offer the man a scholarship.
(B) The documents were returned to her with a signature.
(C) She needs to sign the documents.
(D) She works in the scholarship office.
25. (A) He doesn't have time to pay the bills.
(B) The bills weren't paid on time.
(C) Of course, he paid the bills on time.
(D) He will pay the bills for the last time.
26. (A) He thinks the lecture was really interesting.
(B) He's not sure if the ideas are workable.
(C) He understood nothing about the lecture.
(D) He's not sure what the woman would like to know.
27. (A) He missed an opportunity.
(B) He was late for his trip.
(C) He should take the next boat.
(D) He should send in his application.
28. (A) He agrees with what she said.
(B) He thinks she didn't say anything.
(C) He couldn't hear what she said.
(D) He did hear what she said.
29. (A) That John would pick them up for concert.
(B) That the concert would start early.
(C) That John would not be going to the concert.
(D) That they would be late to the concert.
30. (A) He enjoyed the trip immensely.
(B) The boat trip was really rough.
(C) He couldn't have enjoyed the trip more.
(D) The water was not very rough.

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Part B

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear longer conversations. After each conversation, you will hear several questions. The conversations and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

31. (A) Two students.
(B) Two professors.
(C) Two sociologists.
(D) Two lecturers.
32. (A) She wants his opinion of sociologists.
(B) She wants to hear him lecture.
(C) She wants to know about a course he took.
(D) She wants to meet Professor Patterson.
33. (A) A course where the professor lectures.
(B) A course where the students just listen and take notes.
(C) A course with Professor Patterson.
(D) A course where the students take part in discussion.
34. (A) She thinks it'll be boring.
(B) She doesn't want to take it.
(C) It sounds good to her.
(D) She'd prefer a course with more student participation.
35. (A) From a friend.
(B) From the newspaper.
(C) From a discussion.
(D) From the utility company.
36. (A) In a far desert.
(B) Close by.
(C) At the utility company's headquarters.
(D) The man has no idea.
37. (A) It's cheaper in the short run.
(B) The utility company won't need any extra money.
(C) The plant's far away.
(D) It exists in large quantities.
38. (A) She's concerned it'll be too costly.
(B) She thinks the price is too low.
(C) She thinks the plant is totally unnecessary.
(D) She thinks the utility company has a good idea.

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Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear several talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, you will read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you will hear:

(narrator) Listen to an instructor talk to his class about painting.

(man) Artist Grant Wood was a guiding force in the school of painting known as American regionalist, a style reflecting the distinctive characteristics of art from rural areas of the United States. Wood began drawing animals on the family farm at the age of 10 and when he was thirty-eight one of his paintings received a remarkable amount of public notice and acclaim. This painting, called "American Gothic," is a starkly simple depiction of a serious couple staring directly out at the viewer.

Now listen to a sample question.

(narrator) What style of painting is known as American regionalist?

- In your test book, you will read:
- (A) Art from America's inner cities.
(B) Art from the central region of the United States.
(C) Art from various urban areas in the United States.
(D) Art from rural sections of America.

The best answer to the question, "What style of painting is known as American regionalist?" is (D) "Art from rural sections of America." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

Now listen to another sample question.

(narrator) What is the name of Wood's most successful painting?

- In your test book, you will read:
- (A) "American Regionalist."
(B) "The Family Farm in Iowa."
(C) "American Gothic."
(D) "A Serious Couple."

The best answer to the question, "What is the name of Wood's most successful painting?" is (C), "American Gothic." Therefore, the correct choice is (C).

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39. (A) The Employment Office manager.
(B) The university registrar.
(C) The bookstore manager.
(D) A student working in the bookstore.
40. (A) Prepare a schedule.
(B) Decide which workers to hire.
(C) Plan student course schedules.
(D) Train office workers.
41. (A) What the students' majors are.
(B) When the students are able to work.
(C) Why the students want to work.
(D) In which jobs the students have experience.
42. (A) Cashier.
(B) Shelf stocker.
(C) Business office worker.
(D) Phone operator.
43. (A) Soft, warm clothing.
(B) Problems in landfills.
(C) How fleece is obtained.
(D) Recycling soda bottles.
44. (A) They were left in landfill areas.
(B) They were reused.
(C) They were recycled.
(D) They were refilled.
45. (A) Dye.
(B) Warm, soft clothing.
(C) Computer chips.
(D) Glass bottles.
46. (A) Buying plastic bottles.
(B) Solving the problems in landfills.
(C) Buying these recycled products.
(D) Becoming aware of the environment.
47. (A) The Central Pacific Group.
(B) The Transcontinental Railroad Company.
(C) A group from Ogden, Utah.
(D) Two separate railroad companies.
48. (A) They had to lay tracks across a mountain range.
(B) They had to cross all of Nebraska.
(C) They had to work for another railroad company.
(D) They had to move westward to Sacramento, California.
49. (A) Several days.
(B) Several weeks.
(C) Several months.
(D) Several years.
50. (A) Dynamite was used to blast out access.
(B) A golden spike was hammered into the last track.
(C) The workers labored dangerously and exhaustingly.
(D) The workers traversed the Sierra Nevadas.

This is the end of Section 1.
Stop work on Section 1.

Turn off the recording.



Read the directions for Section 2 and begin work.
Do NOT read or work on any other section
of the test during the next 25 minutes.

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SECTION 2
STRUCTURE AND WRITTEN EXPRESSION

Time—25 minutes
(including the reading of the directions)
Now set your clock for 25 minutes.

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

Structure

Directions: These questions are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the **one** word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Look at the following examples.

Example I

The president _____ the election by a landslide.

- (A) won
(B) he won
(C) yesterday
(D) fortunately

Sample Ans



The sentence should read, "The president won the election by a landslide." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

Example II

When _____ the conference?

- (A) the doctor attended
(B) did the doctor attend
(C) the doctor will attend
(D) the doctor's attendance

Sample Ans



The sentence should read, "When did the doctor attend the conference?" Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

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1. The hard palate _____ between the mouth and nasal passages.
- (A) forming a partition
(B) a partition forms
(C) forms a partition
(D) a form and a partition
2. Sam Spade in *The Maltese Falcon* and Rick Blaine in *Casablanca* _____ of Humphrey Bogart's more famous roles.
- (A) they are two
(B) two of them are
(C) two of them
(D) are two
3. _____, the outermost layer of skin, is about as thick as a sheet of paper over most of the skin.
- (A) It is the epidermis
(B) The epidermis
(C) In the epidermis
(D) The epidermis is
4. During the Precambrian period, the Earth's crust formed, and life _____ in the seas.
- (A) first appeared
(B) the first to appear
(C) the first appearance
(D) appearing first
5. When fluid accumulates against the eardrum, a second more insidious type of _____.
- (A) *otitis media* may develop
(B) developing *otitis media*
(C) the development of *otitis media*
(D) to develop *otitis media*
6. Before the Statue of Liberty arrived in the United States, newspapers invited the public to help determine where _____ placed after its arrival.
- (A) should the statue be
(B) the statue being
(C) it should be the statue
(D) the statue should be
7. A stock _____ at an inflated price is called a watered stock.
- (A) is issued
(B) issued
(C) it is issued
(D) which issued
8. Acidic lava flows readily and tends to cover much larger areas, while basic lava _____.
- (A) viscous
(B) more viscous
(C) is more viscous
(D) it is more viscous
9. Seismic reflection profiling has _____ the ocean floor is underlain by a thin layer of nearly transparent sediments.
- (A) reveal that
(B) revealed that
(C) the revelation of
(D) revealed about
10. _____ and terrifying, coral snakes can grow to 4 feet (1.2 meters) in length.
- (A) They are extremely poisonous
(B) The poison is extreme
(C) Extremely poisonous
(D) An extreme amount of poison

11. The leaves of the white mulberry provide food for silkworms, _____ silk fabrics are woven.
- (A) whose cocoons
(B) from cocoons
(C) whose cocoons are from
(D) from whose cocoons
12. As _____ in Greek and Roman mythology, harpies were frightful monsters that were half woman and half bird.
- (A) described
(B) to describe
(C) description
(D) describing
13. Not only _____ generate energy, but it also produces fuel for other fission reactors.
- (A) a nuclear breeder reactor
(B) it is a nuclear breeder reactor
(C) does a nuclear breeder reactor
(D) is a nuclear breeder reactor
14. D.W. Griffith pioneered many of the stylistic features and filmmaking techniques _____ as the Hollywood standard.
- (A) that established
(B) that became established
(C) what established
(D) what became established
15. _____ be needed, the water basin would need to be dammed.
- (A) Hydroelectric power should
(B) When hydroelectric power
(C) Hydroelectric power
(D) Should hydroelectric power

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